## In the United States Court of Federal Claims

## **OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS** No. 14-1145V Filed: April 27, 2015

**Not for Publication** 

CANDACE JOHNSON

Petitioner, Ruling on Entitlement; Concession;

Tetanus Diphtheria Acellular Pertussis

("Tdap"); Shoulder Injury Related to ٧. Vaccine Administration ("SIRVA");

Special Processing Unit ("SPU")

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

Paul R. Brazil, Philadelphia, PA, for petitioner.

Alexis B. Babcock, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for respondent.

## RULING ON ENTITLEMENT<sup>1</sup>

## Vowell, Chief Special Master:

On November 24, 2014, Candace Johnson filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, et seq,<sup>2</sup> [the "Vaccine Act" or "Program"]. The petition alleges that as a result of a Tetanus diphtheria and acellular pertussis ("Tdap") vaccination on February 25, 2014, petitioner suffered a "shoulder injury related to vaccine administration." Petition at 1. The case was assigned to the Special Processing Unit of the Office of Special Masters.

On April 27, 2015, respondent filed her Rule 4(c) Report ["Respondent's Report"], in which she concedes that petitioner is entitled to compensation in this case.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because this unpublished ruling contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, it will be posted on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-347, § 205, 116 Stat. 2899, 2913 (codified as amended at 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2006)). In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all "\$" references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2006).

Respondent's Report at 3. Specifically, respondent submits that "Ms. Johnson suffered a Shoulder Injury Related to Vaccine Administration, a non-Table injury, and that preponderance of the medical evidence indicates that the injury was causally related to the vaccination. Therefore, compensation is appropriate." *Id.* 

In view of respondent's concession and the evidence before me, I find that petitioner is entitled to compensation.

<u>s/Denise K. Vowell</u> Denise K. Vowell Chief Special Master